PATENT COOPERATION TREATY CF-AS-FA-SLZ Dr. Raulæler S548/65 PCT 13,10.05 From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORIS To: SRP Sth Üа Kos God Degussa AG Intellectual Proper Managemer GUSSA AG NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF PATENTE - MARKEN, Bau 1042-188 15AT THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY 45764 Marl REPORT ON PATENTABILITY Standort Mail Kor envozavzja **ALLEMAGNE** (PCT Rule 71.1) Hut 1 1. OKT. 2005 AU Date of mailing ΕV Termin: 10.10.2005 (day/month/year) Applicant's or agent's file reference IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION O.Z. 6223-WO Priority date (day/month/year) International filing date (day/month/year) International application No. 03.07.2003 PCT/EP2004/050989 02.06.2004 DEGUSSA AG et al

- The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary report on patentability and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- 2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary report on patentability. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The applicant's attention is drawn to Article 33(5), which provides that the criteria of novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability described in Article 33(2) to (4) merely serve the purposes of international preliminary examination and that "any Contracting State may apply additional or different criteria for the purposes of deciding whether, in that State, the claimed inventions is patentable or not" (see also Article 27(5)). Such additional criteria may relate, for example, to exemptions from patentability, requirements for enabling disclosure, clarity and support for the claims.

Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:



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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

	licant's or agent's file	reference	FOR FURTHER ACTI	ON	See Form PCT/PEA/416			
O.Z	. 6223-WO							
International application No. PCT/EP2004/050989			International filing date (day/month/year) 02.06.2004	v/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 03.07.2003			
	rnational Patent Class 1L21/312	ification (IPC) or	national classification and IPC					
	licant GUSSA AG et al							
1.	This report is the Authority under A	international p	reliminary examination reporansmitted to the applicant a	rt, established by the	nis International Preliminary Examining 36.			
2.	This REPORT co	nsists of a tota	of 5 sheets, including this	cover sheet.				
3.	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:							
	a. Sent to the applicant and to the International Bureau) a total of 3 sheets, as follows:							
	⊠ sheet and <i>l</i> o	e of the descrip	otion, claims and/or drawings ning rectifications authorized	which have been	amended and are the basis of this report see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the			
	☐ sheet beyor	s which supers	ede earlier sheets, but whic	h this Authority cor ation as filed, as inc	nsiders contain an amendment that goes dicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the			
	Supplemental Box. b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)), containing a							
	engunne	listing and/or t	ables related thereto, in com ce Listing (see Section 802 c	iputer readable fori	m only, as indicated in the Supplemental			
4.	This report conta	ins indications	relating to the following item	ıs:				
	⊠ Box No. I	Basis of the c	pinion		•			
	☐ Box No. II	Priority						
	☐ Box No. III	Non-establish	ment of opinion with regard	to novelty, inventiv	e step and industrial applicability			
	☐ Box No. IV	Lack of unity						
	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement							
	☐ Box No. VI Certain documents cited							
	☐ Box No. VII	Certain defec	ts in the international applica	ation	V1.00			
	☑ Box No. VIII	Certain obse	vations on the international	application				
Date	e of submission of the	e demand		Date of completion of	this report .			
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/050989

_	Вох	No. I	Basis of the report				
1.	With	With regard to the language , this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was illed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
		This re which i	port is based on translations from the original language into the following language, sthe language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:				
		□ nub	national search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) ication of the international application (under Rule 12.4) national preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)				
2.	hav	e been	to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets whic urnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this riginally filed" and are not annexed to this report):				
	Des	cription	Pages				
	1-11		as originally filed				
	Clai	nbers					
	1-11	l	received on 21.12.2004 with letter of 15.12.2004				
		a sequ	ence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing				
3.		☐ The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:					
			description, pages claims, Nos.				
		□ the	drawings, sheets/figs				
		☐ the	sequence listing <i>(specify)</i> : table(s) related to sequence listing <i>(specify)</i> :				
		•					
4.	had	not be	port has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below in made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the tal Box (Rule 70.2(c)).				
			description, pages claims, Nos.				
		□ the	drawings, sheets/figs				
		☐ any	sequence listing (specify): table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):				
	*	Tf it	em 4 applies, some or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded."				

International application No. PCT/EP2004/050989

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

 Novelty (N)
 Yes: Claims No: Claims 1-9 No: Claims 10,11

 Inventive step (IS)
 Yes: Claims 1-9 No: Claims 10,11

 Industrial applicability (IA)
 Yes: Claims 1-11

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1.0 Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: Q. R. Huang et al., Chem. Mater. (2002) vol. 14, pg. 3676 - 3685

D2: US4349609 (14.09.1982)

D3: Q. Pan, Thin Solid Films, vol. 345, no. 2, 21 May 1999, pg. 244 - 254

D4: US5152834 (6.10.1992)

D5: EP1003210 (24.05.2000)

2.0 A process for producing low-k dielectric films on semiconductors or electrical circuits, which comprises using incompletely condensed polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxanes of the formula [(R_aX_bSiO_{1.5})m(R_cY_dSiO)n] with the structure 1 or 2 as the starting material (see point 3.1 below) is not known from or rendered obvious from any of the cited documents of the prior art. Each of the documents is concerned with low-k dielectric films made from silsesquioxanes and the method of their formation:

D1 fig. 1;

D2 Example 1 "ladder-type" polysilsesquioxane;

D3 p. 245, col. 1, l. 35 - 52 and col. 2, last two lines: cage-like β -chloroethylsilsesquioxane (BSCESSQ);

D4 unspecific cage-like polyorganosilsesquioxanes;

D5 paragraphs [0017] and [0018]).

The subject-matter of claim 1 is therefore considered to be new and inventive (Articles 33(1), 33(2),33(3) PCT).

- 2.1 Dependent method claims 2 9 also fulfill the requirements of novelty and inventive step.
- 2.3 Independent claim 10 is not allowable. It is attempted in claim 10 to define a product

(film) by the way of its formation. However, a product should be defined by product features which are directly discernable in the finished product and which render the product new and inventive over similar known products. (see WIPO Guidelines Chapter 5.26)

A low-k dielectric film is known (see any of the documents D1 - D5), and hence the subject-matter of claim 10 lacks novelty.

Including the feature of a value of the low-k constant of less than or equal to 2.3 as done in claim 11 would clarify claim 10 but does not render its subject-matter new, because such films are known from e.g. D1, p. 3682, col. 2, l. 30 - 42.

Re Item VIII

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Clarity (Article 6 PCT)

- 3.1 It is clearly stated in lines 9 11 on page 8 or in the example on page 9 11 that the incompletely condensed polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxane is used as "starting material" for the film and is not an intermediate product during film formation. It cannot be excluded that the "incompletely condensed polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxane" of claim 1 is formed at some point from any precursor during film formation. In order to avoid misunderstanding the claim, "starting material" should be included in the independent claim.
- 3.2 Claim 6 cannot depend on claims 1 4, because no coreactant is mentioned in these claims.
- 3.3 Claim 10 lacks conciseness. It is referred back to 9 method claims in this claim. It is unclear which particular feature -if it was discernable in the finished film- of which of the nine claims is meant to limit the scope of claim 10.

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What is claimed is:

for producing low-k dielectric films semiconductors or electrical circuits, which comprises using incompletely condensed polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxanes of the formula

 $[(R_aX_bSiO_{1.5})_m(R_cY_dSiO)_n]$

10 with:

5

1

- a, b = 0-1; c, d = 1; $m+n \ge 3$; a+b = 1; $n, m \ge 1$,
- R = hydrogen atom or alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl,alkynyl, cycloalkynyl, aryl or heteroaryl group, in each case substituted or unsubstituted,
- hydroxyl, alkoxy, carboxyl, silyl, silyloxy, $\mathbf{x} =$ an oxy,15 halogen, epoxy, ester, fluoroalkyl, isocyanate, acrylate, methacrylate, nitrile, amino or phosphine substituents of type ${f R}$ containing at least one such group of type X,
- οf type substituent a $\mathbf{Y} = \text{hydroxyl},$ alkoxy or20 $\text{O-SiZ}_1\text{Z}_2\text{Z}_3$, where Z_1 , Z_2 and Z_3 are fluoroalkyl, alkoxy, epoxy, ester, acrylate, methacrylate nitrile group or substituents of type ${\bf R}$ and are identical or different,
- not only the substituents of type R being identical different but also the substituents of type ${\boldsymbol x}$ and ${\boldsymbol y}$ in each case being identical or different, and comprising at least one hydroxyl group as substituent of type \mathbf{Y} , for producing the film wherein incompletely condensed polyhedral
 - silsesquioxanes of structure 1 or 2 30

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are used.

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5 2. The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein incompletely condensed polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxanes of the formula

 $[(R_aSiO_{1.5})_m(R_cY_dSiO)_n]$

10 with:

a, c, d = 1; $m+n \ge 3$; $n, m \ge 1$,

- R = hydrogen atom or alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkynyl, aryl or heteroaryl group, in each case substituted or unsubstituted,
- 15 $\mathbf{Y} = \text{hydroxyl}$, alkoxy or a substituent of type $0-\text{Si}Z_1Z_2Z_3$, where Z_1 , Z_2 and Z_3 are fluoroalkyl, alkoxy, silyloxy, epoxy, ester, acrylate, methacrylate or a nitrile group or substituents of type \mathbf{R} and are identical or different,
- not only the substituents of type R being identical or different but also the substituents of type Y in each case being identical or different, and comprising at least one hydroxyl group as substituent of type Y, are used.
- 25 3. The process as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein incompletely condensed polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxanes containing not more than three hydroxyl groups as type Y substituent are used.

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- 4. The process as claimed in at least one of claims 1 to 3, wherein incompletely condensed polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxanes are reacted with alkoxysilanes.
- 5 5. The process as claimed in claim 4, wherein incompletely condensed polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxanes are reacted with tetraalkoxysilanes.
- 6. The process as claimed in at least one of claims 1 to 5,
 10 wherein the molar ratio of the incompletely condensed
 polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxanes to the coreactant capable
 of hydrolytic condensation is from 1:10 to 10:1.
 - 7. The process as claimed in claim 6, wherein the molar ratio of the incompletely condensed polyhedral oligomeric silsesquioxanes to the coreactant capable of hydrolytic condensation is 2:1.
 - The process as claimed in at least one of claims 1 to 7,
 wherein the low-k dielectric film is produced by means of a wet-chemical coating method.
- 9. The process as claimed in claim 8, wherein the low-k dielectric film is produced by spin coating and subsequent calcining.
 - 10. A low-k dielectric film produced as claimed in at least one of claims 1 to 9.
 - 30 11. The low-k dielectric film as claimed in claim 10, which has a k value of less than or equal to 2.3, measured at a frequency of 880 kHz.

